Morning Oregonian.

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CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

A Tennessee Vendetta Results Disastrously to both Sides.

THE BLACKWOOD FAMILY DESTITUTE.

Cowboys rather Pleased to Undergo a Gas Explosion in Philadelphia.

Paul Schurz Announced to Speak in Lake Michigan.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.

CLARKSVILLE, Oct. 19.—Late this evening Joseph A. Mabrey, Jr., was shot and killed by Joseph Blackwood, a neighbor, at the latter's residence, about two miles from this city. Mabrey was a deputy sheriff, and had a warrant for the arrest of Blackwood, but the latter refused to be taken, and shot Mabrey as the latter approached the house. Blackwood escaped. Mabrey was a prominent young man, and his murder has caused much excitement. Blackwood is a desperate character, and has killed several men. He is now in the woods, and has a number of friends with him, who are armed and will resist arrest. Mabrey's father was killed by Blackwood about thirty days ago, and the latter was tried for the murder and acquitted. Mabrey's friends say that they will kill Blackwood on sight. The Blackwood family is destitute, and will be assisted by the county.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—Two explosions occurred within four minutes of each other at the Point Breeze Gas Works this morning, the first one at 8:30 o'clock, and the second at 8:34. The first explosion occurred in the purifying house, and was caused by the ignition of gas escaping from a broken pipe. The second explosion occurred in the retort house, and was caused by the ignition of gas escaping from a broken pipe. The first explosion blew out the roof of the purifying house, and the second explosion blew out the roof of the retort house. Both roofs fell in, and the debris caught fire. Two men were killed outright by the explosions, and a number of others were injured, some of them fatally. The dead are: Thomas Hughes, aged 30 years, married, and Thomas Hughes, aged 18 years, single. Both lived in Point Breeze. The injured are: Thomas Hughes, aged 50 years, married, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 22 years, married, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 20 years, married, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 16 years, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 14 years, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 12 years, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 10 years, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 8 years, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 6 years, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 4 years, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 2 years, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 1 year, single, lived in Point Breeze, fatally injured; Thomas Hughes, aged 0 years

The Daily Oregonian

PUBLISHED MORNINGS, OCT. 20, 1884.

A PLACE-SEEKER'S SELFISHNESS.

In contending now as he is for no election, J. H. Mitchell is only pursuing the course of utterly reckless selfishness so characteristic of his whole career. Ten years ago he was again elected, with the record of a most disgraceful life behind him, which, upon his own examination, was clearly proved, yet by a fiendish device, was only defeated by a party which practically drew his fangs. At this party of honest men of greatest political assistance, at the risk of the consequences, pressed only that himself could obtain the degree of his ambitious desire. Again, when those disasters were made he selfishly insisted upon an Ogdenism from his party in his behalf which produced its disruption and caused its defeat in four several elections. Now again he is pressing himself with every energy of desperate effort upon his party regardless of the effect upon its future and its fortunes. Knowing that a republican legislature could not possibly be elected in the state if he were known, cringingly kept away [illegible] his acts of the mercenary class of work under cover of secrecy in all parts of the state, and just before the legislature was to assemble he appeared on the scene, to produce again the disturbance and discension which he had so frequently caused before by pressing with his disreputable efforts his selfish claims.

He has forced upon the republican party a contest which threatens its existence in this state, and from which it can escape with safety only by setting him aside now and forever. His presence on this occasion was sure to revive a strife of greatest acrimony and bitterness, for the opposition to him rests on grounds which cannot possibly be overcome, and yet this fact, so obvious to every one, was ignored by himself. He is fond of saying that the opposition has its origin in insufficient and unworthy motives, that is to say, in personal enmity to himself, arising from supposed injuries and motives of hatred and revenge. But in fact it springs from natural disapprova of his character, of his life, of his methods as a politician and his conduct as a man. In such a case the mere personal feeling of dislike is not sting. It could not stand a moment. But when the disapproval rests on a clear sense of the man's utter unworthiness, it has a moral basis that renders it forever immovable.

As his intrusion into this contest in the face of an opposition so general and so justly founded was resolved and planned without the least regard to propriety or to the effect upon the republican party, for whose welfare he constantly professes a hypocritical solicitude, so now in contending for no election since he can't be elected, he is governed by the same monumental selfishness. He never cared for the republican party except as he could use it for his own ob ects and ends. He has been to it the cause of bitter dissension and continuous defeat, and again deliberately plans and pursues a course leading to the same results. Possibly the legislature may adjourn on this occasion without electing a senator but we do not think it will. Should it do so, however, J. H. Mitchell will not be present at the session of 1884. He will discern in advance the uselessness of being the c. H. W. S.

THE LAST DITCH.

Among a class of persons at Salem who have all their expectations staked on the success of the professional disperser of spoils the talk still is, "Mitchell or nobody." These men are hunting "the last ditch." If they keep on they will find it. It is not far ahead. They will be plumped right into it the moment the legislature adjourns without electing a senator.

Should there be no election the whole matter will be clearly understood. The public will see at once that a "pool" was made, into which all the offices and all conceivable jobs were swept together; that each of the "last ditch" members was contending for his dividend or share, and that when the hope failed the disappointed shareholders in the pool sulked, and would allow no one to be elected. We do not say that this is the state of the case, but only that it will bear this interpretation if no election be allowed. In that event the members of the next legislature who might be disposed to renew the cry of "Mitchell or nobody," will be extremely lonesome.

To an extraordinary degree Mitchell has the power of drawing around him every man who can be influenced by appeals to his cupidity. Here is the main source of his strength as a politician. Whatever is selfish or sordid in a man this corrupt and debased politician will find at once. He thinks of no other way of approach. Hence it is that J. H. Mitchell has done more than all other men to debauch the politics of Oregon.

To-day will end the most indecent contest that ever took place in any state. That is, this day will end the contest for the present; but if there should be adjournment without an election, the contest will simply be carried over to 1884. Then those who say "Mitchell or nobody" will go into the ayes and learn how dark and lonely it is at the bottom. They needn't elect to-day if they don't want to; but if they don't, we shall have a lolly election in two years, and the people will then relieve them of all further political cares.

THE REGISTRY ACT BEATEN.

Many good citizens will regret the defeat of the proposed law to require the registration of voters. It was a measure which has long been wanted. Frauds are of constant occurrence in our elections, which would be prevented by this act. The lawful voter, if registration were required, could always be sure that his vote would not be overborne by those of persons who had no legal right. Nearly all the states have laws of this kind. No demand for their repeal would be listened to for a moment, because it is considered of highest importance to guard the ballot-box against illegal voting. Professional politicians, who traffic in votes, may not coincide in this opinion of the people; but the fact that they do not only adds another to the many reasons for enactment of such a law.

The bill was a copy of the California law. The only argument presented against it was the assertion that it would be very inconvenient to voters in the country districts, who could not attend to registration, and who in consequence would lose their votes. Is this the result in California? That state is about twice as large as Oregon; many of the counties are of great size and their population is small and sparse; yet no complaint of disenfranchisement comes from there. Citizens easily find time to register. We think it no hardship. The man who did not find time to attend to this duty did not find time to go out to vote; and the Fall the suffrage so little that he would not attend to the first he pretty certainly would also neglect the last.

It is not escaped attention that this solicitude for citizens of the sparsely settled districts came not from their own representatives, but from the city of Portland. This solicitude may be interpreted by some as rather more significant than pathetic. Yet Multnomah, the county in which four-fifths of the illegal voting in the state is carried on, is the county where more than a dollars requires a registry. The time will come when the country will put up a unanimous demand for a law, to keep their honest vote from being run down by the increasing weight of illegal voting in Portland. It will not be long before the question of whether the voters in the country districts can afford to take the time to register, not, but whether it will be worth their while to go to the polls when, no matter what they may do, it will be useless to cast or [illegible] against the illegal votes thrown in Portland. Sooner or later they must be a registry law. It has been wanted for years and ought to have passed at the session.

The New York *Tribune*, a journal which does not like the republican party in its present ways. The Herald [illegible] democratic party in New York, the executive committee of which republican is at the command of [illegible] and the record of [illegible] against Cameron and Logan in Pennsylvania, all are [illegible] to our mind. The following [illegible] political affairs in [illegible] the politics of the country and the interests of [illegible] which [illegible] to overcome the [illegible] will of the voters. Another phase of the same proceeding is presented in Oregon. A candidate for the state [illegible] has acquired a reputation as a [illegible] and [illegible] draws a crowd and [illegible] who is not [illegible] personal [illegible] and the consequence is a most disgraceful contest, with a chance of no election.

An exchange [illegible] says the harrowing question is entertained that Frank James should [illegible] himself [illegible] to the authorities, in order to make peace with the public that he may [illegible] to make peace with the public that he may take the platform and tell his experiences under the title of "Twenty Years as a Highwayman." In this way he could get even with the public for getting him to be a bold, bad man.

An exchange [illegible] Senator Grover as saying that either [illegible] or the opposition to Mitchell." If Grover has said that it will hardly do Mitchell any good, but will serve as a reminder to the public that the political methods of Grover and Mitchell are identical and alike [illegible] by all except the spoils hunting gang of the two parties.

Last night Mitchell issued a long "open letter," as per report was that he considered himself in the hands of his friends." He would have far it better had he kept out of their hands from the beginning. They were injudicious friends who failed to advise him that he ought to keep out of this contest.

A remarkable outbreak of independence recently took place in Indiana. A number of democrats from all parts of the state held a convention and objected to "the delivery of the democratic party to a lawless liquor league."

A leading railway journal shows that the average earnings of 69 of the principal railroads of the country for the month of August this year were $362 per mile. The average for August of last year was a little more.

During the recent rain-storm in New York 6.17 inches fell in 24 hours. Between Wednesday and Saturday, each inclusive, the total rainfall there was 9.28 inches.

A Dutchman announces that he has discovered a perpetual motion machine. His gas meter went ahead registering all summer, although the room was locked up at the beginning of the vacation.—*Texas Siftings.*

Wilfred Blunt has offered to go to Egypt and ascertain the fate of Prof. Palmer and the officers sent to purchase camels for the Bedouins at the beginning of the war, and who, it is feared, were murdered.

MEETING NOTICES.

Sons of Veterans.—Sons of comrades of the Grand Army will please take notice that the new post will be instituted at G. A. R. hall of [illegible] Wright Post, No. 3, this [illegible] day evening, Oct. 20, at 8 o'clock sharp. All the comrades of the Grand Army are invited to be present, and all sons of comrades eligible are requested to be on hand for duty. N. P. PIERCE, Commanding.

Vacuum Oil Co.—There will be a meeting of the shareholders of this company at 2 P. M., Oct. 21, at Judge's Hall corner Alder and Third streets. By order of the President. A. E. BREWILL, President.

MARRIED.

At Taylor, Or., Oct. 11, 1884, at the residence of Henry Hunter, Rev. J. Van Patten officiating, Mr. H. E. Robbins, of Portland, Oregon, and Miss Elma R. Hunter, of the city. W.

Oct. 19, by R. V. L. A. Guy, Mr. J. F. Davis and Miss Laura Fowler, all of Portland.

DIED.

At Good Samaritan hospital, Oct. 18, N. O. Rock, aged 56 years.

Funeral this afternoon at 2 o'clock from Dodd's undertaking rooms. Friends invited to attend.

Oct. 20, John R., eldest son of Minerva Wilson and Jesse T. Rebel on.

[illegible] Oregon and 3 [illegible] papers please copy.

At Upper Lewisville, W. T., on the 4th Oct., Willie, only and beloved son of S. B. and L. A. Jones, aged 12 years 10 mon ths and 26 days.

"Dear child, we should we mourn thy loss,
To seek to call thee back again,
But ra ther hear [illegible] Saviour's cross,
The blessed place like thine to gain."

NEW TO-DAY.

A RESPECTABLE GENTLEMAN OF BUSINESS DESIRES to [illegible] the acquaintance of a young lady from the country; no [illegible] AIMER, this office. 11

MRS. F. L. ROSS, FASHIONABLE DRESS AND cloak maker, will open business at 75 Third st., corner of Fourth, on October 23. Ladies, please call; no a call. o20d 1m

WANTED—CITY REAL ESTATE HAVING sold all the city property I had in hand and the many [illegible] wishing to sell will [illegible] to place their property in the hands of K. H. PITT, 140½ First street. 10

MONEY TO LOAN.

IN LARGE AND SMALL AMOUNTS, ON APPROVED security. Apply to K. H. PITT, 140½ First street. 10

NOTICE—REWARD.

HAVING IMMEDIATE USE FOR THE GLASS [illegible] for [illegible] and upon my residence, I will pay $10 [illegible] and will be [illegible] to recovery, in good condition, of the glass aforesaid, and no questions asked. H. MAHON, Front and Alder.

NOTICE:

MY WIFE HELEN HAVING LEFT MY BED and board without just cause or provocation I will not be responsible for any of her debts after this date. JOHN C. BRANDT.

Portland, Or., Oct. 17, 1884. o20d3tw1l

NEW BARBER SHOP.

O. H. ADAMS,

Late of the Metropolitan Baths, has opened a Barber Shop

On First and Clay Sts.

Shaving 15 cents. Hair cutting 25c. First-class work guaranteed. o20d6t

OFFICE BOY WANTED A SMART, INTELligent boy, writing a good hand, and [illegible] home can get a good place. Address Drawer No. 2, Oregonian. o18d3t

PERRY, WHITE & CO'S REAL ESTATE AND Insurance office is now every night till nine o'clock. o18d3t

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS for rent. Morrison [illegible] Location central. Terms address, for one week, P. O. Box 206. o18

AGENTS WANTED—CITY AND COUNTRY, for the Best Selling Book ever offered on the Pacific coast. A rare chance for good men to make money. Apply at J. K. GILL & CO'S, 91 First street. o18d1m

CHOICE FURNISHED ROOM TO LET AT REASONABLE RATES, WITH OR without board; 262 Ninth st.; references desired. o18

PERRY, WHITE & CO., Real Estate and Insurance Agents, sell Steamship Tickets to and from all points in Europe.

C. J. CURTIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, COMmissioner of Deeds, 105 First street, up stairs. Deeds, mortgages, &c., drawn up and acknowledged for $1.00.

INSTALLMENT STORE.

Baby Carriages.....[illegible] week
Cook and Heating Stoves.....[illegible] week
Bed Lounges and Mattresses.....[illegible] week
Carpets and Bedding.....[illegible] week
Furniture on easy payments at FORBES & WHEELER'S, 204 First street. o18d1

DR. BIRD, Homœopathist, 187 First st., office hours 10 to 12 and 2 to 5. o18

FOR SALE—TWO AND OPEN BUGGIES, STRAP buggy, one Portland's Pat. Oil Cycle and Racebuggy. WESTERN CAR AGENCY, 209 and 211 Fourth street.

McCoy, Cheapest Job Printer, 1st & Stark.

TO RENT.

A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM IN A PRIVATE family; one block from the Postoffice. Inquire at 74 Sixth street. o18d1

TWO SECOND STREET CROCKERY STORE NEW readers, new [illegible] and [illegible] are specially invited to inspect goods and low prices. Checks and [illegible] given on installments. Robbed of

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

TO MEN. JAMESON'S SPANISH BALSAM.

Is now fully adapted for the purpose for which it is intended. Sold by all druggists. 50c. and $1 per bottle.

KEY-CORES WEAK, INCREASES AND INVIGORATES MEN TO VIGOR, HEALTH AND MANHOOD.

Over [illegible] testimonials from [illegible] who have used it. Sold by druggists. Send for pamphlet. Price, $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists.

WITHOUT STORE IN PORTLAND.

KISTON KEELEY CO., 194 Fulton street, N. Y.

STATIONERY,

GOLD PENS, BLANK BOOKS, PENS, INK, Pencils, Envelopes, Paperwares, Visiting Cards, Playing Cards, Birthday Cards, etc. GEO. H. HIMES, 171 First st., near Yamhill.

ALBERT HARTUM, 88 YAMHILL, AGENT FOR STEINWAY & SONS and KRANICH & BACH PIANOS.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

[illegible] Salem, Oct. 19, 1884.

[illegible] A. M. T. [illegible] was [illegible] Mitchell [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] Mitchell [illegible] the [illegible] Mitchell [illegible] the [illegible] Mitchell [illegible]

...TION AND COMMISSION...

...GILMAN & CO.,
...rs and Commission Merchants,
...Front St., bet. Pine and Ank...

...REAL ESTATE, PERS...
...Tuesdays and Fridays.

...LAR AUCTION SALE
...EHOLD FURNITURE
...ND MERCHANDISE.
...RIDAY, OCTOBER 20th,
...OUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
...GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE
OF
...LUABLE REAL ESTATE
...SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1882,

...URS,
FURS,
FURS
...ICH AND ELEGANT FI...
AT
...H. LIEBES & CO'S
...113, 115 and 117 Montgomery
SAN FRANCISCO.
Manufacturers and Importers,
...ave on hand a Large Assortment of
SEAL-SKIN SACQUES,
SEAL-SKIN JOLMANS
...lk and Satin Fur-...
Garments,
...ALL STYLES & FINEST QUA...
...ICES WHICH DEFY COMPETI...

...SPORTSME'S EMPO...
...WILLIAM BECK & ...
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
...Sharp's, Remington's Ballard's,
and Winchester's
REPEATING RIFLES.
...Colt's Remington's, Parker's,
Baker's Double and S-Barrel
BREECH-LOADING SHO...
AGENCY FOR
HAZARD'S SPORTING GUNPOW...
...FISHING TACKLE
Opera, Marine and Field Glas...
Bird Cages, Bonds, Baskets and ...
Velocipedes, Croquet Games, Base ...
165 and 167 Second St., Portland.

RJMMELIN & GUTMAN
82 FIRST STREET.
Between Stark and Oak, Portland,
Offer at Lowest Figures
EXTRA FINE
SEAL-SKIN SACKS & JA...
Guaranteed First Quality & Shape
FUR-LINED GARMENTS
With genuine Siberian and Alaska Sable
Lining and Best Silk Cords.
A Full Assortment of Fashionable
...adies, Misses and Ch...
FURS,
Robes, House Rugs and Trimmings.
$200 REWARD!
...Will be paid for the arrest and delivery to
JAKES LEWIS, alias "Robert Moore,"
alias "Dover Parker," alias "Frank Miller,"
who shot Police Officer Jones Barry, in
1882, or for information that will lead to his
arrest.
...He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, ...
...weighs about 150 pounds, ...
...dark complexion, ...
...dark eyes, ...
...dark hair, ...
...wears a dark mustache, ...
...and has a scar on his left cheek. ...
...Address all communications to ...
...Chief of Police, Portland, Or.

EYE AND EAR INF...
AND
Sanitarium or Home for the ...
Macadam Road, Inct. Porter and ...
...ments, Portland.
...DR. PROFESSOR ...
...D...

...CITY.
...ession at Knox Abbot ...
...office of Mayor street, was ...
...into the safe and ran out ...
...the public, fearing a ...
...to look to ...
...Goldsmith of ...
...to be ...
...safe, and ...
...to have been ...
...the safe, and ...
...to the side of ...
...to be penetrated ...
...safe, after a ...
...to the ...
...ing with the ...
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The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING OCT. 20, 1882.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

[illegible]

The market for wheat shows no [illegible] ry, although a fair amount [illegible] Transactions during the day [illegible] may be considered as the [illegible] Transactions [illegible] closed firm.

Receipts for the week [illegible] Eastern and Charters.

Freights and Charters.

[illegible] reported to-day [illegible] wheat. The charter [illegible] is applied for [illegible] The present supply of [illegible] about 1,000 [illegible] that addition [illegible] for certain [illegible] No new [illegible] period.

Our Carrying Trade.

In keeping the books [illegible] carrying trade [illegible] is continually [illegible] the year [illegible] ern Oregon, [illegible] and state of [illegible] The following figures show the [illegible] Astoria as shipping [illegible]

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN [illegible] AT THE PORT OF [illegible] IN THE UNDERMENTIONED YEARS, A.D.

Fiscal years	American Tonnage.	Foreign Tonnage.	Increase (+) or decrease (-) of American Tonnage.
1858	3,573,316	1,[illegible]	[illegible]
1859	4,026,[illegible]	1,[illegible]	[illegible]
1861	5,064,911	2,[illegible]	[illegible]
1865	5,137,665	2,[illegible]	[illegible]
1866	4,734,[illegible]	2,[illegible]	[illegible]
1871	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
1873	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
1875	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
1876	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
1877	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
1878	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
1879	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
1880	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]
1881	5,[illegible]	3,[illegible]	[illegible]

The tonnage of the foreign over the domestic has [illegible] ago to [illegible] and has continued to increase [illegible] ever since, till the foreign tonnage entering American ports is about four-fifths American.

Bradstreet's Measure.

The *Mark Lane Express*, in its weekly review of the English markets, says: The weather continues favorable. In some [illegible] advance a shilling, higher [illegible] for the dry kinds. In the London market prices are unchanged. Flour is dull, but quotations are nominally unaltered. Malting barley is in steady demand. Oats [illegible] hardening. The foreign wheat trade is in a state of stagnation and prices remain the same, except for red winter, which is about 6d higher. Flour is quietly unaltered; stocks are very heavy and imports are likely to continue on a large scale. Maize is about 3d dearer, the available supply being very small. Of coast cargoes are very quiet, buyers acting with great caution. There were fifteen fresh arrivals, seven cargoes were sold, six withdrawn and eleven remain, nine of which are American. Over twenty cargoes are due this week. Sales of English wheat past week were 21,307 quarters at 39s 8d per quarter, against 61,318 quarters at 47s 1d for the corresponding period last year.

Boston Wool Market.

Boston, Oct. 18.—Wool is steady but in moderate demand for all kinds, and prices continue to be sustained with fair average transactions. Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces 41@42c for X, and 42½@43c for XX and above, Michigan X fleeces at 39@40c. Combing and delaine fleeces in demand, with sales at 44@46c for fine delaine, and 46@48c for fine and medium combing. Unwashed is steady and in demand at 36@38c for fine and medium grades, and 30@32c for low and coarse. In California spring wool sales have been moderate and prices apparently at 28@35c. For fall California there is no inquiry. Pulled wools are in fair demand and firm, with a steady demand for choice eastern, and Maine super at 45@46c, common and good supers 38@40c. No desirable assortment of foreign wools on the market and very little has been done.

Insidential Notes.

R. V. Sturrs & Co., manufacturers woolens, at Dedham, Mass., failed on Thursday; liabilities $450,000; nominal assets $215,000. It is alleged, up to within a few days, creditors of this concern have been misled by statements concerning its resources. Some months ago, it is stated, the firm claimed to have large assets over their liabilities. William S. Slater is an endorser to a large amount of the concern's papers and it was believed he owned much real estate his endorsements were generally accepted. It is now said, however, disclosures [illegible] that he does not own a large amount of property, and some recent transfers have been made which have a questionable appearance.

A draft of 30 head of Jersey cattle from the herd of Geo. A. Gaither, of Boone county, Missouri, was sold at St. Louis on Thursday for $11,500, the most successful sale of Jerseys ever known.

The National Cotton Planters' Association is in session at Little Rock, Ark., and attended by large delegations from all southern states.

Reports come in from the farming districts of Texas that a great deal of cotton is open in the fields and laborers are very scarce.

Discovering that a corner was being run in rubber goods, manufacturers held a meeting at New York, Wednesday night; to consider the best course to pursue. After discussion, the general sentiment was favorable to closing the factories.

French imports during the nine months ended Sept. 30, 1882, as compared with the same months in 1881, show an increase of 99,000,000 francs. Exports for the same period show an increase of 116,000,000 francs.

Thus far 1882 has been an extraordinary year for fires. The estimated losses in the United States for eight months foot up more than $61,000,000, or $7,000,000 more than the average for four years.

Some idea of the rapid growth of the coffee trade of the world may be obtained from the fact that the total production, which was 875,000,000 pounds in 1880, has now risen to 1,000,000,000 pounds, or nearly double. As for the producing countries, it seems Brazil now holds the first place, with a total of 560,000,000, against 330,000,000 in 1870. The quantity of the shavers is, however, expected to lead to a falling off in the crop, unless the Chinamen and negroes imported from Asia should prove unexpectedly well suited for the work of cultivation. Next on the list are the Dutch Indian possessions and Venezuela.

It is estimated that over one-half of the new manufactories started in the south during the past two years belong to northern capitalists.

Nine-nine locomotives and 11,607 car wheels were exported from the United States last year. During the same period there were exported 2,104,644 pounds of iron rails.

The consumption of tobacco in France the past five years has averaged 33,000 tons; thrice the consumption in 1822. The receipts annually are $50,000,000 a year.

The honey crop of 1882 is not expected to greatly exceed that of 1881, which was an indifferent one. California's crop in 1878 was 750,000 pounds. This year it is calculated at 180,000 pounds.

The Metropolitan board of works in London controls an area of 122 square miles, covered by a population of nearly 4,000,000. The royal parks cover 1742 acres and other open spaces 1076 acres. The largest of the "lungs of London" is formed by Hyde Park and Kensington Gardens, which together cover 848 acres, or a little over one-third of a mile square.

The largest match factory in the United States is located at Akron, Ohio. It produces 2,000,000 a day, or about 720,000,000 a year, consuming 30 tons of brimstone, 10,000 pounds of chlorate of potash, 60,000 pounds of glue, 50,000 pounds of paraffine wax and 150 tons of other paper.

James Caird of London estimates the requirements of Great Britain for foreign wheat, from Sept. 1 to October 18, at 15,000,000 quarters, or about 900,000 quarters less than were imported during the same period last year.

Financial Matters.

The following memorable failures occurred during the week:

Thos. B Christian, shoe [illegible] Va.; liabilities unknown, assets [illegible]

Dampsteagen & Co., [illegible] liabilities $102,500.

A. & C. Hope, [illegible] liabilities [illegible] £250,000. A meeting of the creditors has been called.

Bankers of Europe are much [illegible] removal of the public money [illegible] certificates can only be procured [illegible] on New York as a point upon which the express charges is equivalent [illegible]

Gould brokers are bearish and Wallstreet believes British. Gen. Badeau says further issue of Pacific stock is impossible, as under the charter issuance of stock for dividend purposes is prohibited under any circumstances. Should Europe stop relief for Western is expected within twenty days.

A new Russian loan of £5,000,000, or nominal, at three per cent, bonds at 67½, and [illegible] issued immediately by Rothschilds.

San Francisco Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.

Receipts—Wheat, 6,000 centals; flour, 4,000 barrels; oats, 700 sacks; potatoes, 8,000 sacks; onions, 1,000 sacks.

Wheat—Steady and [illegible] of [illegible] at $1 [illegible] Liverpool [illegible] Flour—Steady and [illegible] at $5 [illegible] Barley—Feed [illegible] Market is quiet at unchanged prices. Shipping No. 1 feed at 81 50 from wharf, 81 50 [illegible] Oats—Steady [illegible] Shipping mixed at $1 [illegible] from wharf, [illegible] White. Market [illegible] supplied, nominal at $1 [illegible]

Potatoes—Sacramento [illegible] demand [illegible] prices [illegible] Onions—Steady [illegible] Hay—Quiet [illegible] Wool—Market [illegible] Hops—Nominal [illegible] Beans—Pinks [illegible] Butter—Fancy [illegible] Cheese—Fancy [illegible] Eggs—Fancy [illegible] Provisions—Unchanged [illegible] Coffee—Steady [illegible] Sugar—Unchanged [illegible] Whisky—Steady [illegible]

Freights—Wheat [illegible] Flour [illegible]

Charters—[illegible]

Cargoes—[illegible]

Arrivals—[illegible]

Clearances—[illegible]

Sailed—[illegible]

Spoken—[illegible]

Memoranda—[illegible]

Shipping Notes.

The British steamship Madras, reported to have left Hongkong, Sept. 23d, for this ports is about due. She came with cargo of general merchandise for the Chinese settlements. The commencement of her departure is now to Hongkong was yesterday posted in the store of Kwong Tai, to leave October 30th, with rate of passage fixed at $35.

The ship Joseph Young is also fixed to have sailed from Hongkong for Portland on Sept. 29th with a cargo of merchandise. She is dispatched by Lee Kee.

Information in the figures of the Alaska Commissioner's cargo, the sales [illegible] value at $6000. It should have been 6 bbls of flour at 17000 feet of lumber, valued at $284.

Bk ship [illegible] arrives for Queenstown Wednesday with 16,[illegible] bushels wheat.

Bk ship [illegible] was the way up from Astoria.

Am whl J. W. Mark finished loading yesterday.

Weather at Astoria at 5 P. M. yesterday clear; wind northeast.

Maritime Miscellany.

One hundred tons of flour and cheese were saved from the steamer Preston, ashore near Berwick.

London, Oct. 19.—Fourteen of the crew of the steamer City of Antwerp, sunk by collision, were drowned.

San Francisco, Oct. 19. The British consul has called for an inquiry to investigate how it came to pass that the cause of the loss of the British ship [illegible] resulting in the total loss of the vessel and cargo.

Yesterday the wrecked British ship Bremen was sold at San Francisco by T. H. Whitelaw for $650. The total insurance value of the ship in London was $40,000. The cargo after 2,000 tons of coal, is said to be the same price as for $65.

[illegible]

San Francisco, Oct. 19.—Sailed—Br sh British Consular, London; Am sh Zarita Clark, Tacoma; Am sh E. S., Honolulu; Am sh Sunshine, Port Ludlow; Am sh Lighthouse, Puget Sound; Br sh Arbroath, Liverpool; Br sh Baltasar, Antwerp; Am bk Fearnaught, Cork for orders; Am bk Dunsmuir Castle, Cork for orders.

Tacoma, Oct. 19.—Arrived—Br bk Dunfillan, Wan, San Francisco.

Liverpool, Oct. 18.—Sailed—Am ship Thos. Dennis, New York.

Liverpool, Oct. 18.—Cleared—Am bk Amy Turner, Honolulu.

Port Blakely, Oct. 19.—Sailed—Bk Catherine Sudden and Earle, San Francisco.

Port Gamble, Oct. 19.—Sailed—Bk John Cheston, Melbourne; Am bk Fearnaught, Galveston, San Francisco.

Mendocino, Oct. 19.—Arrived—Am sch Wm. Renton, San Francisco.

Port Madison, Oct. 19.—Arrived—Am sch Wm. Renton, San Francisco.

Port Blakely, Oct. 19.—Arrived—Am bk Silas Castle, Barrett, hence 9th inst.

Tacoma, Sept. 19.—Arrived—Br bk Protect, Stanley, hence 5th inst.

Port Gamble, Oct. 19.—Arrived—Br bk Protect, Stanley, hence 5th inst.

Port Blakely, Oct